Negative Polarity Items Corpus Linguistics, Semantics, and Psycholinguistics

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So far...

- licenser: strong-weak distinction
- licensee marking
- licensing relation: semantic?
- status: more difficult than licensed NPIs

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Problems interpreting the results:

- unexpected cross-linguistic variation
- possibly task-related effects
- inherent ambiguity of measures

Other problems:

- only a handful of licensers tested
- always the same NPI (ever, jemals)

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testing the weak-strong opposition in NPIs

- WL/W Elisabeth hat kaum etwas von dem ausstehen können, was es zum Essen gab.
 - Elisabeth could stand hardly any of what there was to eat.
- WL/S Mit seinen komplizierten Beispielen hat er bei wenigen Studenten einen Blumentopf gewinnen können.
 - With his complicated examples he could impress few students.
- SL/W Elisabeth hat nichts von dem ausstehen können, was es zum Essen gab. Elisabeth could stand none of what there was to eat.
- SL/S Mit seinen komplizierten Beispielen hat er bei den Studenten keinen Blumentopf gewinnen können.
 - With his complicated examples he could impress no students.

offline questionnaire, rating on 7-point scale

Hypothesis:

- weak NPIs can occur with either strong or weak licenser
- strong NPIs need strong licenser

Prediction:

WL/S condition should receive lower ratings than the others

First try -results:

- all NPI conditions rated high
- all conditions equally good

Why?

Distractors: complex syntax, some ungrammatical

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Katharina fascinated the Ukrainian and the notary who scribbled on the document, although she had a limp

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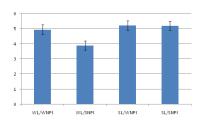
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Second try – distractors:

- bad: slightly modified idioms
 (ein Korb erhalten → Körbe erhalten)
- good: somewhat stylistically marked

Results



Summary:

- the weak-strong distinction is real
- NPI licensing has a collocational component

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